



DIGEST OF HB 1544 (Updated March 3, 2003 7:26 PM - DI 105)

Citations Affected: IC 20-7.5.

Synopsis: School corporation collective bargaining. Beginning July 1, 2005, specifies additional subjects of and sets conditions for collective bargaining between the exclusive representative for certificated educational employees and the school employer. Adds final offer mediation-arbitration as an alternative method of collective bargaining for education personnel.

Effective: July 1, 2005.

Fry, Liggett

January 16, 2003, read first time and referred to Committee on Labor and Employment. February 6, 2003, reported — Do Pass. Recommitted to Committee on Ways and Means. February 27, 2003, amended, reported — Do Pass. March 3, 2003, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.

о р У



First Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2003)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type:

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2002 Regular or Special Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1544

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning education.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

l	SECTION 1. IC 20-7.5-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.100-2001
2	SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 2. As used in this chapter: article:
1	(a) "School corporation" means any the following:
5	(1) A local public school corporation established under Indiana
6	law. and, in the case of

- (2) A public vocational schools school or schools school for children with disabilities established or maintained by two (2) or more school corporations. shall refer to such schools.
- (b) "Governing body" means:
 - (1) the board or commission charged by law with the responsibility of administering the affairs of the school corporation; or
- (2) the body that administers a charter school established under IC 20-5.5.
- (c) "School employer" means:
- (1) the governing body of each:

HB 1544—LS 7275/DI 96+



7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16 17 C





y

1	(A) school corporation; or
2	(B) charter school established under IC 20-5.5; and
3	(2) any person or persons authorized to act for the governing body
4	of the school employer in dealing with its employees.
5	(d) "Superintendent" shall mean:
6	(1) the chief administrative officer of any:
7	(A) school corporation; or
8	(B) charter school established under IC 20-5.5; or
9	(2) any person or persons designated by the officer or by the
10	governing body to act in the officer's behalf in dealing with school
11	employees.
12	(e) "School employee" means any full-time certificated person in the
13	employment of the school employer. A school employee shall be
14	considered full time even though the employee does not work during
15	school vacation periods, and accordingly works less than a full year.
16	There shall be excluded from the meaning of school employee
17	supervisors, confidential employees, employees performing security
18	work and noncertificated employees.
19	(f) "Certificated employee" means a person:
20	(1) whose contract with the school corporation requires that the
21	person hold a license or permit from the Indiana state board of
22	education or a commission thereof as provided in IC 20-6.1; or
23	(2) who is employed as a teacher by a charter school established
24	under IC 20-5.5.
25	(g) "Noncertificated employee" means any school employee whose
26	employment is not dependent upon the holding of a license or permit
27	as provided in IC 20-6.1.
28	(h) "Supervisor" means any individual who has:
29	(1) authority, acting for the school corporation, to hire, transfer,
30	suspend, lay off, recall, promote, discharge, assign, reward, or
31	discipline school employees;
32	(2) responsibility to direct school employees and adjust their
33	grievances; or
34	(3) responsibility to effectively recommend the action described
35	in subdivisions (1) through (2);
36	that is not of a merely routine or clerical nature but requires the use of
37	independent judgment. The term includes superintendents, assistant
38	superintendents, business managers and supervisors, directors with
39	school corporation-wide responsibilities, principals and vice principals,
40	and department heads who have responsibility for evaluating teachers.
41	(i) "Confidential employee" means a school employee whose

unrestricted access to confidential personnel files or whose functional



- responsibilities or knowledge in connection with the issues involved in dealings between the school corporation and its employees would make the confidential employee's membership in a school employee organization incompatible with the employee's official duties.
- (j) "Employees performing security work" means any school employee whose primary responsibility is the protection of personal and real property owned or leased by the school corporation or who performs police or quasi-police powers.
- (k) "School employee organization" means any organization which has school employees as members and one (1) of whose primary purposes is representing school employees in dealing with their school employer, and includes any person or persons authorized to act on behalf of such organizations.
- (l) "Exclusive representative" means the school employee organization which has been certified for the purposes of this chapter by the board or recognized by a school employer as the exclusive representative of the employees in an appropriate unit as provided in section 10 of this chapter, or the person or persons duly authorized to act on behalf of such representative.
- (m) "Board" means the Indiana education employment relations board provided by this chapter.
- (n) "Bargain collectively" means the performance of the mutual obligation of the school employer and the exclusive representative to meet at reasonable times to negotiate in good faith with respect to items enumerated in section 4 of this chapter and to execute a written contract incorporating any agreement relating to such matters. Such obligation shall not include the final approval of any contract concerning these or any other items. Agreements reached through collective bargaining are binding as a contract only if ratified by the governing body of the school corporation and the exclusive representative. The obligation to bargain collectively does not require the school employer or the exclusive representative to agree to a proposal of the other or to make a concession to the other, except that this obligation is subject to the final offer process if mediation-arbitration under IC 20-7.5-2 is elected under section 11.5 of this chapter.
- (o) "Discuss" means the performance of the mutual obligation of the school corporation through its superintendent and the exclusive representative to meet at reasonable times to discuss; to provide meaningful input, to exchange points of view, with respect to items enumerated in section 5 of this chapter. This obligation shall not, however, require either party to enter into a contract, to agree to a

о р у





proposal, or to require the making of a concession. A failure to reach an agreement on any matter of discussion shall not require the use of any part of the impasse procedure, as provided in section 13 of this chapter. Neither the obligation to bargain collectively nor to discuss any matter shall prevent any school employee from petitioning the school employer, the governing body, or the superintendent for a redress of the employee's grievances either individually or through the exclusive representative, nor shall either such obligation prevent the school employer or the superintendent from conferring with any citizen, taxpayer, student, school employee, or other person considering the operation of the schools and the school corporation.

- (p) (o) "Strike" means concerted failure refusal to report for duty, willful absence from one's position, stoppage of work. or abstinence in whole or in part from the full, faithful, and proper performance of the duties of employment, without the lawful approval of the school employer, or in any concerted manner interfering with the operation of the school employer for any purpose.
- (q) (p) "Deficit financing" with respect to any budget year shall mean expenditures in excess of money legally available to the employer.
- (q) "Submission date" means the first date for the legal notice of a budget fixed by the school employer under IC 6-1.1-17-5.

SECTION 2. IC 20-7.5-1-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 3. Duty to Bargain Collectively and Discuss. (a) On and after January 1, 1974, school employers and school employees shall have the obligation and the right to bargain collectively the items set forth in section 4 the right and obligation to discuss any item set forth in Section 5 of this chapter and shall enter into a contract embodying any of the matters on which they have bargained collectively. No contract may include provisions in conflict with (a) any right or benefit established by federal or state law, (b) school employee rights as defined in section 6(a) of this chapter, or (c) school employer rights as defined in section 6(b) of this chapter. It shall be unlawful for a school employer to enter into any agreement that would place such employer in a position of deficit financing as defined in this chapter, and any contract which provides for deficit financing shall be void to that extent and any individual teacher's contract executed in accordance with such contract shall be void to such extent.

- (b) The obligation to bargain collectively any matter does not prevent any school employee from petitioning the:
 - (1) school employer;







1	(2) governing body; or
2	(3) superintendent;
3	for a redress of the employee's grievances either individually or
4	through the exclusive representative, nor does the obligation
5	prevent the school employer or superintendent from conferring
6	with any citizen, taxpayer, student, school employee, or other
7	person considering the operation of the schools and the school
8	corporation.
9	SECTION 3. IC 20-7.5-1-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.286-2001,
10	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
11	JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 4. Subjects of Bargaining. A school employer
12	shall bargain collectively with the exclusive representative on the
13	following:
14	(1) Salary.
15	(2) Wages.
16	(3) Hours. and
17	(4) Salary and wage related fringe benefits, including accident,
18	sickness, health, dental, or other benefits under IC 20-5-2-2 that
19	are subjects of bargaining on July 1, 2001.
20	(5) Working conditions.
21	(6) Curriculum development and revision.
22	(7) Textbook selection.
23	(8) Teaching methods.
24	(9) Hiring, promotion, demotion, transfer, assignment, and
25	retention of certificated employees and changes to any of the
26	requirements set forth in IC 20-6.1-4.
27	(10) Student discipline.
28	(11) Expulsion or supervision of students.
29	(12) Pupil-teacher ratio.
30	(13) Class size or budget appropriations.
31	Items included in the 1972-1973 agreements between any employer
32	school corporation and the employee organization shall continue
33	to be bargainable. A contract may also contain a grievance procedure
34	culminating in final and binding arbitration of unresolved grievances,
35	but such binding arbitration shall have no power to amend, add to,
36	subtract from or supplement provisions of the contract.
37	SECTION 4. IC 20-7.5-1-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
38	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 5. (a) A school
39	employer shall discuss with the exclusive representative of certificated

employees, and may but shall not be required to bargain collectively,

negotiate, or enter into a written contract concerning or be subject to or

enter into impasse procedures on the following matters:



40

41

1	(1) Working conditions, other than those provided in section 4 of
2	this chapter.
3	(2) Curriculum development and revision.
4	(3) Textbook selection.
5	(4) Teaching methods.
6	(5) Hiring, promotion, demotion, transfer, assignment, and
7	retention of certificated employees, and changes to any of the
8	requirements set forth in IC 20-6.1-4.
9	(6) Student discipline.
10	(7) Expulsion or supervision of students.
11	(8) Pupil-teacher ratio.
12	(9) Class size or budget appropriations.
13	However, any items included in the 1972-1973 agreements between
14	any employer school corporation and the employee organization shall
15	continue to be bargainable.
16	(b) (a) Nothing shall prevent a superintendent or his the
17	superintendent's designee from making recommendations to the
18	school employer.
19	(c) (b) This chapter may not be construed to limit the rights of the
20	school employer and the exclusive representative to mutually agree to
21	the matters authorized under IC 20-6.1-4-14.5.
22	SECTION 5. IC 20-7.5-1-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 6. (a) School
24	employees shall have the right to form, join, or assist employee
25	organizations, to participate in collective bargaining with school
26	employers through representatives of their own choosing, and to
27	engage in other activities, individually or in concert for the purpose of
28	establishing, maintaining, or improving salaries, wages, hours, salary
29	and wage related fringe benefits, and other matters as defined in
30	sections section 4 and 5 of this chapter. A school employee may not be
31	required to join or financially support through the payment of fair share
32	fees, representation fees, professional fees, or other fees, a school
33	employee organization. A rule, regulation, or contract provision
34	requiring financial support from a school employee to a school
35	employee organization is void.
36	(b) School employers shall have the responsibility and authority to
37	manage and direct in behalf of the public the operations and activities
38	of the school corporation to the full extent authorized by law. Such
39	responsibility and activity shall include but not be limited to the right
40	of the school employer to:
41	(1) direct the work of its employees;

(2) establish policy through procedures established in sections



1	section 4 and 5 of this chapter;
2	(3) hire, promote, demote, transfer, assign, and retain employees
3	through procedures established in sections section 4 and 5 of this
4	chapter;
5	(4) suspend or discharge its employees in accordance with
6	applicable law through procedures established in sections
7	4 and 5 of this chapter;
8	(5) maintain the efficiency of school operations;
9	(6) relieve its employees from duties because of lack of work or
.0	other legitimate reason through procedures established in sections
.1	section 4 and 5 of this chapter; and
2	(7) take actions necessary to carry out the mission of the public
.3	schools as provided by law.
4	SECTION 6. IC 20-7.5-1-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
.5	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 7. Unfair Practices. (a)
.6	It shall be an unfair practice for a school employer to:
. 7	(1) interfere with, restrain or coerce school employees in the
.8	exercise of the rights guaranteed in Section 6 of this chapter.
.9	(2) dominate, interfere or assist in the formation or administration
20	of any school employee organization or contribute financial or other
21	support to it; provided, that subject to rules and regulations made by
22	the governing body, a school employer may permit school employees
23	to confer with the school employer or with any school employee
24	organization during working hours without loss of time or pay;
25	(3) encourage or discourage membership in any school employee
26	organization through discrimination in regard to hiring or tenure of
27	employment or any term or condition of employment;
28	(4) discharge or otherwise discriminate against a school employee
29	because he has filed a complaint, affidavit, petition, or given any
30	information or testimony under this chapter;
31	(5) refuse to bargain collectively or discuss with an exclusive
32	representative as required by any provisions of this chapter;
33	(6) fail or refuse to comply with any provision of this chapter.
34	(b) It shall be an unfair practice for a school employee organization
35	or its agents to:
36	(1) interfere with, restrain or coerce (a) school employees in the
37	exercise of the rights guaranteed by this chapter, or (b) a school
88	employer in the selection of its representatives for the purpose of
39	bargaining collectively, discussing or adjusting grievances. This
10	paragraph shall not impair the right of a school employee organization
1	to prescribe its own rules with respect to the acquisition or retention of



41

42

membership therein.

- 8 1 (2) cause or attempt to cause a school employer to discriminate 2 against an employee in violation of subsection (a); 3 (3) refuse to bargain collectively with a school employer, if the 4 school employee organization is the exclusive representative: 5 (4) fail or refuse to comply with any provision of this chapter. 6 (c) Nothing herein shall in any way restrict the right of either the 7 school employer or the school employee organization to bring suit for 8 specific performance and/or breach of performance of a collective 9 bargaining contract in any court having jurisdiction thereof. 10 SECTION 7. IC 20-7.5-1-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 9. (a) There is created 11 an Indiana education employment relations board which shall consist 12 13 of three (3) members appointed by the governor to serve at the 14 governor's pleasure. One (1) member shall be designated by the 15 governor as chairman. Not more than two (2) members of the board 16 shall be members of the same political party. Each member shall be appointed for a term of four (4) years. A member appointed to fill a 17 18 vacancy shall be appointed for the unexpired term of the member 19 whom the appointed member is to succeed. 20 (b) Members shall hold no other public office or employment by the 21 state or other public agency or public employer, or be an officer or 22 employee of any school employee organization or any of its affiliates, 23 or represent any school employer or school employee organization, or 24 its affiliates. 25 (c) Subsection (b) does not apply to persons on the teaching staff of
 - (c) Subsection (b) does not apply to persons on the teaching staff of a university who are knowledgeable in public administration or labor law so long as they are not actively engaged, other than as a member, with any labor or employee organization. This subsection shall be construed liberally to effectuate the intent of the general assembly.
 - (d) The chairman shall give full time to the chairman's duties. The chairman of the board shall not engage in any other business, vocation, or employment. The members of the board other than the chairman receive as compensation payment equal to that of the chairman, computed on a daily rate and paid for every day actually spent serving on the board.
 - (e) A majority of the members of the board constitutes a quorum.
 - (f) To accomplish the objectives and to carry out the duties prescribed in this chapter the board shall have the following powers:
 - (1) To adopt an official seal and prescribe the purposes for which it shall be used.
 - (2) To hold hearings and make inquiries as it deems necessary to carry out properly its functions and powers.

HB 1544—LS 7275/DI 96+



26

2728

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38 39

40

41

42

C o p

1	(3) To establish a principal office in the city of Indianapolis.
2	(4) To meet and exercise its powers at any other place in Indiana.
3	(5) To conduct in any part of Indiana a proceeding, hearing,
4	investigation, inquiry, or election necessary to the performance of
5	its functions. For any such purpose, the board may designate one
6	(1) of its members, or an agent or agents, as hearing examiners.
7	The board may utilize voluntary and uncompensated services as
8	may be needed.
9	(6) To appoint staff and attorneys as it may find necessary for the
10	proper performance of its duties. The attorneys appointed under
11	this section may, at the direction of the board, appear for and
12	represent the board in court.
13	(7) To pay the reasonable and necessary traveling and other
14	expenses of any employee, member, or agent of the board.
15	(8) To subpoena witnesses and issue subpoenas requiring the
16	production of books, papers, records, and documents which may
17	be needed as evidence in any matter under inquiry, and to
18	administer oaths and affirmations. In cases of neglect or refusal
19	to obey a subpoena issued to any person, the circuit or superior
20	court of the county in which the investigations or the public
21	hearings are taking place, upon application by the board, shall
22	issue an order requiring the person to appear before the board and
23	produce evidence about the matter under investigation. A failure
24	to obey the order may be punished by the court as a contempt.
25	Any subpoena, notice of hearing, or other process of the board
26	issued under this chapter shall be served in the manner prescribed
27	by the Indiana Rules of Trial Procedure.
28	(9) To adopt, promulgate, amend, or rescind rules it deems
29	necessary and administratively feasible to carry out this chapter
30	in accordance with IC 4-22-2.
31	(10) To request from any public agency the assistance, services,
32	and data as will enable the board properly to carry out its
33	functions and powers.
34	(11) To publish and report in full an opinion in every case decided
35	by it.
36	(g) The board shall organize its staff to provide for the functions of
37	unit determination, unfair labor practice processing, conciliation and
38	mediation, factfinding, mediation-arbitration under IC 20-7.5-2, and
39	research. In connection with any conciliation and mediation, or
40	factfinding, it or mediation-arbitration under IC 20-7.5-2, the board

may use either full-time employees or appoint employees for specific

cases from a panel which it establishes. Its research division shall be



1	organized to provide statistical data on the resources of each school
2	corporation, the substance of any agreements reached by each school
3	corporation, and other relevant data.
4	SECTION 8. IC 20-7.5-1-11.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
5	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
6	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]: Sec. 11.5. An exclusive representative:
7	(1) may begin collective bargaining by notifying the board and
8	the employer on or before one hundred eighty (180) days
9	before the submission date; and
10	(2) shall utilize the collective bargaining procedure set forth
11	in section 12 of this chapter, unless the exclusive
12	representative, at the time impasse is declared by either party,
13	elects to use the mediation and final offer selection procedure
14	set forth in IC 20-7.5-2.
15	SECTION 9. IC 20-7.5-2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
16	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17	JULY 1, 2005]:
18	Chapter 2. Mediation; Final Offer Selection
19	Sec. 1. An alternative method of collective bargaining is
20	provided by this chapter because experience has demonstrated that
21	harmonious and cooperative relationships between school
22	employers and their employees can best be accomplished by a
23	collective bargaining and discussion impasse procedure that ends
24	in binding resolution of disputes. The public interest will be served
25	by an effective, efficient resolution of disputes within the public
26	schools of Indiana.
27	Sec. 2. This chapter applies to collective bargaining in which the
28	exclusive representative has elected to proceed under this chapter
29	and has notified the employer and the board as provided in
30	IC 20-7.5-1-11.5.
31	Sec. 3. A school corporation and the exclusive representative
32	shall begin to bargain collectively at least one hundred eighty (180)
33 34	days before the submission date, unless the exclusive representative
35	has elected to proceed under IC 20-7.5-1-12.
36	Sec. 4. In addition to the impasse procedures specified in this chapter, a school employer and an exclusive representative may
37	agree in writing to a dispute settlement procedure. A copy of the
38	agreement shall be filed by the parties with the board. If the parties
30	agreement snan be med by the parties with the board. If the parties

agree to a form of binding arbitration, the arbitrator shall give

weight to the factors listed in section 12 of this chapter. The

arbitration award is subject to appeal under sections 16 through 19



39 40

41

42

of this chapter.

	11
1	Sec. 5. If the parties have not reached an agreement at least
2	sixty (60) days before the submission date, the parties shall notify
3	the board that an impasse exists, and the board shall initiate
4	mediation-arbitration.
5	Sec. 6. Not later than fifteen (15) days after the receipt of a
6	notice of an impasse, each party shall submit to the board and
7	exchange with the other party its final offer on each item
8	remaining at impasse that is also an item listed in IC 20-7.5-1-4 and
9	IC 20-7.5-1-5. The parties also shall file with the board a joint
10	stipulation with respect to all matters that have been previously
11	agreed on for inclusion in the new or amended collective
12	bargaining agreement. All final offers and joint stipulations filed

with the board are open to public inspection.

- Sec. 7. (a) Not later than three (3) days after the receipt of a notice of an impasse from the parties, the board shall submit to the parties a list of five (5) competent and experienced mediator-arbitrators, who must be representatives of the interests of the public, but who may not be employees of the board.
- (b) Not later than five (5) days after the receipt of the list of names, the parties shall agree on a name or alternately strike a name from the list until one (1) name remains. The parties shall determine by lot who strikes the first name. The parties shall notify the board of the mediator-arbitrator chosen.
- (c) If a mediator-arbitrator has not been chosen through agreement or striking names within the five (5) day limit, the board shall select a mediator-arbitrator from the list.
- (d) Upon receipt of notice from the parties or after the board makes a selection, the board shall formally appoint the mediator-arbitrator and submit to the mediator-arbitrator the final offers and joint stipulation of the parties.
- Sec. 8. A mediator-arbitrator shall begin mediation not later than ten (10) days after appointment. The final offers of the parties, as transmitted by the board to the mediator-arbitrator, must serve as the mutual basis for mediation and continued negotiations between the parties with regard to issues in dispute that have not been agreed upon by the parties. All mediation sessions must be private.
- Sec. 9. (a) For seven (7) successive days after the first mediation session, the mediator-arbitrator shall mediate the dispute and encourage a voluntary and mutual settlement by the parties. During the first five (5) days of the seven (7) successive day period, either party may unilaterally modify in writing any item in its final



1	offer. At the end of the five (5) day period, each party shall certify
2	in writing to the board the changes that have been made in its final
3	offer during mediation, with a copy sent to the mediator-arbitrator
4	and to the other party. During the last two (2) days of the seven (7)
5	successive day period, a modification of either party's final offer
6	may be made only with the consent of the other party.
7	(b) Any modifications made shall be certified by the parties to
8	the board, with a copy sent to the mediator-arbitrator.
9	Sec. 10. (a) If the parties have failed to reach a voluntary and
10	mutual settlement during the seven (7) successive day mediation
11	period, the dispute shall be resolved by final offer item by item
12	selections.
13	(b) Not later than five (5) days after the end of the mediation
14	period and before selecting the final offers, the mediator-arbitrator
15	shall conduct a public hearing for the purpose of providing an
16	opportunity to both parties to present evidence and argument in
17	support of their final offers.
18	(c) Not later than ten (10) days after the completion of the
19	hearing, the mediator-arbitrator shall in writing select the final
20	offer that, in the mediator-arbitrator's judgment, is the more
21	reasonable and shall in writing state reasons for the selection. The
22	mediator-arbitrator's selection and the reasons shall be delivered
23	to the board and to each party. The final offers selected, along with
24	the stipulation of items already agreed to, become the agreement
25	between the parties and are final and binding upon the parties,
26	subject to section 11 and sections 16 through 19 of this chapter.
27	Sec. 11. The parties may voluntarily and mutually agree upon
28	the terms and conditions of a contract at any time.
29	Sec. 12. In making a decision under the final offer selection
30	procedures authorized by section 10 of this chapter, a
31	mediator-arbitrator shall give weight to the following factors:
32	(1) Past memoranda of agreement and contracts between the
33	parties.
34	(2) Comparison of wages, hours, terms of employment, and
35	conditions of employment of the school employees involved
36	with those of other employees doing comparable work, giving
37	consideration to factors peculiar to the work involved.
38	(3) Comparison of wages, hours, terms of employment, and
39	conditions of employment with similar employment in private
40	business and industry.

(4) The average consumer prices for goods and services,

commonly known as the cost of living.



41

1	(5) The effect on the educational atmosphere or environment.
2	Sec. 13. (a) A mediator-arbitrator may not be employed on a
3	full-time or part-time basis by:
4	(1) a public school employer that is a school corporation;
5	(2) an organization of public employees, public employers, or
6	their affiliates; or
7	(3) a firm that represents employers or employees in the
8	implementation of this article.
9	(b) The board shall pay the compensation and expenses of a
10	mediator-arbitrator.
11	Sec. 14. (a) If an agreement has not been reached on the items
12	to be bargained collectively fourteen (14) days before the
13	submission date, the parties shall continue the status quo, and the
14	employer may issue tentative individual contracts and prepare a
15	budget based on the individual contracts.
16	(b) During the status quo period, in order to permit the
17	successful resolution of the dispute, the employer may not
18	unilaterally change the terms or conditions of employment that are
19	issues in dispute.
20	(c) This section does not relieve the school employer or the
21	school employee organization from the duty to follow the
22	procedures set forth in this chapter.
23	Sec. 15. The board shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to
24	implement this chapter.
25	Sec. 16. Not later than fifteen (15) days after the
26	mediator-arbitrator's final offer selection, either party may
27	petition the circuit or superior court of Marion County to set the
28	final offer selection aside. Any time after the fifteen (15) day
29	period, either party may petition the circuit or superior court of
30	Marion County to enforce a final offer selection. The court shall
31	hear these matters on an expedited basis and not later than thirty
32	(30) days after the filing of a petition. The court must enforce the
33	final offer selection unless the court finds by a preponderance of
34	the evidence that the decision is:
35	(1) illegal;
36	(2) in excess of the mediator-arbitrator's power; or
37	(3) procured by fraud, bribery, or corruption.
38	Sec. 17. If a court sets aside a final offer selection because of
39	illegality or excess of power, the selection shall be remanded to the
40	same mediator-arbitrator who heard the selection the first time,
41	subject to the right of a party to appeal an adverse ruling of the
42	court. The mediator-arbitrator has the following choices on



(1) Affirm the earlier final offer selection minus any items set	
and de land the account	
aside by the court.	
(2) Make a new determination on the original final offers	
proposed by the parties after a new hearing or argument, at	
the discretion of the mediator-arbitrator.	
Sec. 18. If a court sets aside a final offer selection because of	
fraud, bribery, or corruption, the selection shall be remanded to	
the board for an expedited hearing before a new	
mediator-arbitrator, selected in the same manner as the original	
mediator-arbitrator, subject to the right of a party to appeal an	
adverse ruling of the court.	
Sec. 19. An appeal under section 17 or 18 of this chapter shall be	
taken in the manner and to the same extent as orders or judgments	
are taken in a civil action. Because of the appeal's public	
importance, the appeal shall be advanced on the docket for the	
consideration of the court.	
Sec. 20. A party who:	
(1) fails to implement a final offer selection; or	
(2) appeals a final offer selection and does not ultimately	
prevail in court;	
is liable for reasonable attorney's fees, interest on delayed	
monetary benefits, and other costs incurred in the action.	
	(2) Make a new determination on the original final offers proposed by the parties after a new hearing or argument, at the discretion of the mediator-arbitrator. Sec. 18. If a court sets aside a final offer selection because of fraud, bribery, or corruption, the selection shall be remanded to the board for an expedited hearing before a new mediator-arbitrator, selected in the same manner as the original mediator-arbitrator, subject to the right of a party to appeal an adverse ruling of the court. Sec. 19. An appeal under section 17 or 18 of this chapter shall be taken in the manner and to the same extent as orders or judgments are taken in a civil action. Because of the appeal's public importance, the appeal shall be advanced on the docket for the consideration of the court. Sec. 20. A party who: (1) fails to implement a final offer selection; or (2) appeals a final offer selection and does not ultimately prevail in court; is liable for reasonable attorney's fees, interest on delayed



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Labor and Employment, to which was referred House Bill 1544, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill do pass.

LIGGETT, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 7, nays 4.

C p y



COMMITTEE REPORT

Mr. Speaker: Your Committee on Ways and Means, to which was referred House Bill 1544, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Replace the effective dates in SECTIONS 1 through 9 with "[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2005]".

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to HB 1544 as introduced.)

CRAWFORD, Chair

Committee Vote: yeas 17, nays 9.

o p y



HOUSE MOTION

Mr. Speaker: I move that House Bill 1544 be amended to read as follows:

Page 4, line 25, after "Discuss." insert "(a)".

Page 4, between lines 39 and 40, begin a new paragraph and insert:

- "(b) The obligation to bargain collectively any matter does not prevent any school employee from petitioning the:
 - (1) school employer;
 - (2) governing body; or
 - (3) superintendent;

for a redress of the employee's grievances either individually or through the exclusive representative, nor does the obligation prevent the school employer or superintendent from conferring with any citizen, taxpayer, student, school employee, or other person considering the operation of the schools and the school corporation."

Page 9, line 37, after "representative" insert ":

(1)"

Page 9, line 40, delete "that the exclusive representative intends to use" and insert "; and

(2) shall utilize".

Page 9, delete line 41.

Page 9, line 42, delete "(1) The" and insert "the".

Page 9, run in lines 40 and 42.

Page 10, line 1, delete "chapter." and insert "chapter, unless the exclusive representative, at the time impasse is declared by either party, elects to use".

Page 10, line 2, delete "(2) The" and insert "the".

Page 10, run in lines 1 through 2.

Page 10, line 21, delete "ninety (90)" and insert "one hundred eighty (180)".

(Reference is to HB 1544 as printed February 28, 2003.)

FRY



